

26	significant harm to the health or safety of the public;
27	• if the committee determines that state licensing of the profession is not
28	necessary to protect the health or safety of the public, recommend to the
29	Legislature that the state refrain from licensing the profession;
30	• if the committee determines that state licensing of the profession is necessary to
31	protect the health or safety of the public, consider whether each licensing
32	provision is narrowly tailored to protect the health or safety of the public; and
33	 recommend to the Legislature any changes to the proposed or existing licensure
34	provisions to ensure each provision is narrowly tailored to protect the health or
35	safety of the public;
36	• over the next five years, requires the committee to review each profession licensed
37	by Title 58, Occupations and Professions, that does not have a sunset date, using the
38	same criteria as a sunrise or sunset review;
39	 requires the committee to study alternatives to professional licensing in 2013,
40	including registration and certification;
41	 requires that legislation proposing the licensing or regulation of an occupation or
42	profession under Title 58, Occupations and Professions:
43	• may not be enacted by the Legislature until the proposal has been reviewed by
44	the committee; and
45	• shall include a repeal date in Section 63I-1-258 that is no later than 10 years
46	after the effective date of the legislation; and
47	makes technical changes.
48	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
49	None
50	Other Special Clauses:
51	None
52	Utah Code Sections Affected:
53	AMENDS:
54	36-23-101.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 137
55	36-23-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 218
56	36-23-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 218

	36-23-104 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
	36-23-105 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 152
	36-23-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 242
	36-23-107 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 137
EN	ACTS:
	36-23-109 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	58-1-110 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be i	t enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 36-23-101.5 is amended to read:
	36-23-101.5. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Committee" means the Occupational and Professional Licensure Review
Cor	nmittee created in Section 36-23-102.
	(2) "Government requestor" means:
	(a) the governor;
	(b) an executive branch officer other than the governor;
	(c) an executive branch agency;
	(d) a legislator; or
	(e) a legislative committee.
	[(2)] (3) "Newly regulate" means to regulate under Title 58, Occupations and
Pro	fessions, an occupation or profession not regulated under Title 58 before the enactment of
the	new regulation.
	[(3)] <u>(4)</u> "Proposal" means:
	(a) an application submitted under Section 36-23-105, with or without specific
proj	posed statutory language;
	(b) a request for review by a legislator of the possibility of newly regulating an
occi	upation or profession, with or without specific proposed statutory language; or
	(c) proposed [or introduced] legislation to newly regulate an occupation or profession
refe	rred to the committee by another legislative committee.
	[(4)] (5) "Sunrise review" means a review under this chapter of a proposal to newly

88	regulate an occupation or profession.
89	(6) "Sunset review" means a review under this chapter of a statute:
90	(a) regarding a licensed profession under Title 58, Occupations and Professions; and
91	(b) that is scheduled for termination under Section 63I-1-258.
92	Section 2. Section 36-23-102 is amended to read:
93	36-23-102. Occupational and Professional Licensure Review Committee.
94	(1) There is created the Occupational and Professional Licensure Review Committee.
95	(2) The committee consists of nine members appointed as follows:
96	(a) three members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
97	House of Representatives, no more than two from the same political party;
98	(b) three members of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate, no more
99	than two from the same political party; and
100	(c) three public members appointed jointly by the speaker of the House of
101	Representatives and the president of the Senate [as follows] from the following two groups:
102	(i) [two members who have] at least one member who has previously served, but [are]
103	is no longer serving, on any [of the] advisory [boards] board created under Title 58,
104	Occupations and Professions; and
105	(ii) at least one member from the general public who does not hold any type of license
106	issued by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing.
107	(3) (a) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate a member of the
108	House of Representatives appointed under Subsection (2)(a) as a cochair of the committee.
109	(b) The president of the Senate shall designate a member of the Senate appointed under
110	Subsection (2)(b) as a cochair of the committee.
111	Section 3. Section 36-23-103 is amended to read:
112	36-23-103. Committee terms Vacancies.
113	(1) A legislator serving on the committee shall serve a two-year term or until the
114	legislator's successor is appointed.
115	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a public member shall serve a
116	three-year term or until the public member's successor is appointed.
117	(b) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of the Senate shall,
118	at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms of the public members

119	to ensure that approximately one of the public members is appointed every year.
120	(3) A legislative or public member of the committee may serve one or more terms.
121	(4) (a) A vacancy occurs:
122	(i) when a legislative member ceases to be a member of the Legislature; [or]
123	(ii) when a member of the committee resigns from the committee[7]; or
124	(iii) when a member is removed by the appointing authority for cause.
125	(b) A vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority, and the replacement member
126	shall serve for the remaining unexpired term.
127	Section 4. Section 36-23-104 is amended to read:
128	36-23-104. Committee meetings Compensation Quorum Legislative rules.
129	(1) The committee [may] shall meet as needed, at the call of the committee chairs, to
130	carry out the duties [set forth] described in [Section 36-23-106] this chapter.
131	(2) A public member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's
132	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
133	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
134	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
135	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
136	63A-3-107.
137	(3) (a) Five members of the committee constitute a quorum.
138	(b) If a quorum is present, the action of a majority of members present is the action of
139	the committee.
140	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (3), in conducting all its business, the committee
141	shall comply with the rules of legislative interim committees regarding motions.
142	Section 5. Section 36-23-105 is amended to read:
143	36-23-105. Applications Fees.
144	(1) [Representatives of occupations or professions who desire to have their occupation
145	or profession licensed or regulated by the state may] If a government requestor or a
146	representative of an occupation or profession that is not licensed by the state proposes that the
147	state license or regulate an occupation or profession, the requestor or representative shall, prior
148	to the introduction of any proposed legislation, submit an application for sunrise review to the
149	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in a form approved by the committee.

150	(2) [Applicants shall submit] If an application is submitted by a representative of an
151	occupation or profession, the application shall include a nonrefundable fee of \$500 [with each
152	application].
153	(3) All application fees shall be deposited in the General Fund.
154	Section 6. Section 36-23-106 is amended to read:
155	36-23-106. Duties Reporting.
156	(1) The committee shall:
157	(a) conduct a sunrise review in accordance with Section 36-23-107 [for all
158	applications], within 12 months, for each application submitted in accordance with Section
159	36-23-105;
160	(b) (i) conduct a sunset review for [an occupational or professional license
161	classification that is referred to the committee by any other legislative committee by applying:]
162	all statutes regarding a licensed occupation or profession under Title 58, Occupations and
163	Professions, that are scheduled for termination under Section 63I-1-258;
164	[(i) the criteria in Section 36-23-107;]
165	[(ii) the criteria in Title 63I, Chapter 1, Legislative Oversight and Sunset Act; and]
166	[(iii) any other appropriate criteria; and]
167	[(c) submit a written report by no later than December 31 of each calendar year to:]
168	[(i) the speaker of the House of Representatives;]
169	[(ii) the president of the Senate;]
170	[(iii) the chair of the House Rules Committee;]
171	[(iv) the chair of the Senate Rules Committee; and]
172	[(v) the chairs of the Business, Economic Development, and Labor Appropriations
173	Subcommittee.]
174	(ii) conduct a sunset review under this Subsection (1)(b) prior to the last general
175	session of the Legislature that is scheduled to meet before the scheduled termination date; and
176	(iii) conduct a review or study regarding any other occupational or professional
177	licensure matter referred to the committee by the Legislature, the Legislative Management
178	Committee, or other legislative committee.
179	(2) The committee shall submit an annual written report before November 1 to:
180	(a) the Legislative Management Committee: and

181	(b) the Business and Labor Interim Committee.
182	$[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ The written report required by Subsection $[\frac{(1)(c)}{(2)}]$ shall include:
183	(a) all findings and recommendations made by the committee [under Subsection (1) or
184	(3) in that] in the calendar year; and
185	(b) a summary report [for] of each [sunrise] review or study conducted by the
186	committee stating:
187	[(i) whether the sunrise review was conducted under Subsection (1) or (3);]
188	[(ii)] (i) whether [or not] the [sunrise] review or study included a review of specific
189	proposed or existing statutory language;
190	[(iii)] (ii) [any] action taken by the committee as a result of the [sunrise] review or
191	study; and
192	[(iv) the number of legislative members that voted in favor of the action described in
193	Subsection (2) (b)(iii).]
194	(iii) a record of the vote for each action taken by the committee.
195	[(3)] (4) The committee may[: (a) conduct a sunrise review of any proposal to newly
196	regulate an occupation or profession; (b) conduct any other review referred to it by the
197	Legislature, the Legislative Management Committee, or other legislative committee; or (c)]
198	conduct any other review or study related to regulation of an occupation or profession under
199	Title 58, Occupations and Professions.
200	Section 7. Section 36-23-107 is amended to read:
201	36-23-107. Sunrise or sunset review Criteria.
202	(1) In conducting a sunrise review or a sunset review under this chapter, the committee
203	may:
204	(a) receive information from:
205	(i) representatives of the occupation or profession proposed to be newly regulated <u>or</u>
206	that is subject to a sunset review;
207	(ii) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing; or
208	(iii) any other person; <u>and</u>
209	(b) review [the] a proposal with or without considering proposed statutory language[;].
210	[(c) evaluate the criteria in Subsection (2) to determine whether or not the occupation
211	or profession should be regulated by the state: and

212	[(d) as to the proposal, recommend:]
213	[(i) that the proposal be adopted by the Legislature;]
214	[(ii) that the proposal be adopted by the Legislature with recommended changes;]
215	[(iii) that the proposal not be adopted by the Legislature; or]
216	[(iv) any other action.]
217	(2) When conducting a sunrise review or sunset review under this chapter, the
218	committee shall [use the following criteria]:
219	(a) consider whether state regulation of the profession is necessary to address a
220	compelling state interest in protecting against present, recognizable, and significant harm to the
221	health or safety of the public;
222	(b) if the committee determines that state regulation of the profession is not necessary
223	to protect against present, recognizable, and significant harm to the health or safety of the
224	public, recommend to the Legislature that the state not regulate the profession;
225	(c) if the committee determines that state regulation of the profession is necessary in
226	protecting against present, recognizable, and significant harm to the health or safety of the
227	public, consider whether each provision in the proposed or existing statute is narrowly tailored
228	to protect against present, recognizable, and significant harm to the health or safety of the
229	public; and
230	(d) recommend to the Legislature any necessary changes to the proposed or existing
231	provisions to ensure each provision is narrowly tailored to protect against present,
232	recognizable, and significant harm to the health or safety of the public.
233	(3) In its performance of each sunrise review or sunset review, the committee may
234	apply the following criteria, to the extent that it is applicable:
235	(a) whether [or not] the unregulated practice of the occupation or profession has clearly
236	harmed or may harm or endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the public;
237	(b) whether [or not] the potential for harm or endangerment described in Subsection
238	[(2)] (3)(a) is easily recognizable and not remote;
239	[(c) whether or not the public needs, and can reasonably be expected to benefit from,
240	an assurance of initial and continuing occupational or professional competence;]
241	(c) whether regulation of the occupation or profession will significantly diminish an
242	identified risk to the health, safety, or welfare of the public;

243	(d) whether [or not] regulation of the occupation or profession:
244	(i) imposes significant new economic hardship on the public;
245	(ii) significantly diminishes the supply of qualified practitioners; or
246	(iii) otherwise creates barriers to service that are not consistent with the public welfare
247	or interest;
248	(e) whether [or not] the occupation or profession requires knowledge, skills, and
249	abilities that are:
250	(i) teachable; and
251	(ii) testable;
252	(f) whether [or not] the occupation or profession is clearly distinguishable from other
253	occupations or professions that are already regulated;
254	(g) whether [or not] the occupation or profession has:
255	(i) an established code of ethics;
256	(ii) a voluntary certification program; or
257	(iii) other measures to ensure a minimum quality of service;
258	(h) whether [or not]:
259	(i) the occupation or profession involves the treatment of an illness, injury, or health
260	care condition; and
261	(ii) practitioners of the occupation or profession will request payment of benefits for
262	the treatment under an insurance contract subject to Section 31A-22-618;
263	(i) whether [or not] the public can be adequately protected by means other than
264	regulation; and
265	(j) other appropriate criteria as determined by the committee.
266	Section 8. Section 36-23-109 is enacted to read:
267	36-23-109. Review of occupations and professions.
268	(1) Before November 1, 2017, using the criteria described for a sunrise or sunset
269	review described in Section 36-23-107, the committee shall review all occupations and
270	professions subject to licensure under Title 58, Occupations and Professions, that are not
271	scheduled for future termination under Section 63I-1-258.
272	(2) To ensure that before November 1, 2017, the occupations and professions described
273	in Subsection (1) are reviewed, the annual written report described in Section 36-23-107

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274	submitted before November 1, 2013, and each annual written report submitted for the three
275	years following that report, shall contain the findings and recommendations of the committee
276	regarding approximately 20% of the occupations and professions subject to licensure under
277	Title 58, Occupations and Professions, that are not scheduled for future termination under
278	Section 63I-1-258.
279	(3) Before the annual written report described in Section 36-23-107 is submitted for
280	2013, the committee shall study potentially less restrictive alternatives to licensing for the
281	regulation of occupations and professions, including registration and certification if
282	appropriate, that would better avoid unnecessary regulation and intrusion upon individual
283	liberties by the state, while still protecting the health or safety of the public.
284	Section 9. Section 58-1-110 is enacted to read:
285	58-1-110. Legislative review in Title 58, Occupations and Professions.
286	Legislation proposing the licensing or regulation of an occupation or profession under
287	Title 58, Occupations and Professions, that is not currently subject to licensing or regulation
288	under Title 58, Occupations and Professions:
289	(1) may not be enacted by the Legislature unless a proposal to license or regulate the
290	occupation or profession has been reviewed by the Occupational and Professional Licensure
291	Review Committee as described in Title 36, Chapter 23, Occupational and Professional
292	Licensure Review Committee Act;
293	(2) is subject to a reauthorization schedule as described in Title 63I, Chapter 1,
294	Legislative Oversight and Sunset Act; and
295	(3) shall include a repeal date in Section 63I-1-258 that is no later than 10 years after
296	the effective date of the legislation.